



BULOKE SHIRE COUNCIL

**COMMUNITY LOCAL LAW
NO. 10 of 2011**

(Incorporating amendments made by Local Law 13)

Note: This Local Law needs to be read in conjunction with any other relevant provisions in Council's Policies or with any other documents that the Local Law incorporates for application.

Warwick Heine
Chief Executive Officer
Buloke Shire Council

**BULOKE SHIRE COUNCIL
COMMUNITY LOCAL LAW NO. 10 2011**

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**BULOKE SHIRE COUNCIL
COMMUNITY LOCAL LAW
NO. 10 OF 2011¹**

PART ONE - PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

1. Title

This is the *Community Local Law No. 10 of 2011*.

2. Objectives

The objectives of this Local Law are to provide for the peace order and good government of the Buloke Shire by:

- (1) regulating and controlling uses and activities on Council land and roads so that the Council is aware of uses or activities which may:
 - (a) be detrimental to the amenity of the area or the enjoyment of facilities on land or roads; and
 - (b) cause damage to Council and community assets; and
 - (c) create a danger or expose others to risk; and
 - (d) interfere with the safety and convenience of people travelling on or using Council land or roads; and
 - (e) impede free and safe access for people, in particular those with sight and movement impairment or disabilities.
- (2) managing, regulating and controlling activities and uses on any land which:
 - (a) may be dangerous, cause a nuisance or be detrimental to the amenity of the area or the environment;
 - (b) are directed at maintaining a healthy and safe environment for residents and visitors;
 - (c) promotes community expectations and demands about their lifestyle and the availability of goods and services provided to them; and
 - (d) creates a sense of community pride in the municipal district and which promotes Buloke Shire as a place to live and do business.
- (3) identifying activities and uses that are not permitted so as to achieve the purposes in sub-clauses (1) and (2); and

¹ Incorporating amendments made by the Community (Amendment) Local Law No.13 2013.

(4) providing for the administration of the Council's powers and functions.

3. Authorising Provision

This Local Law is made under Section 111(1) of the **Local Government Act 1989**.

4. Commencement, revocation and area of operation

This Local Law:

- (a) commences on 8 June 2011; and
- (b) unless it is revoked sooner, this Local Law ceases to operate on 7 June 2021;
and
- (c) operates throughout the whole municipal district.

5. Repeal of other Local Laws

From the date of operation of this Local Law the following Local Laws will cease to operate and are repealed:

- ◆ Livestock Local Law No. 5
- ◆ Possession and Consumption of Alcohol Local Law No. 6
- ◆ Environmental Local Law No. 7.

6. Definitions of Words used in this Local Law

In this Local Law and in the Council's *Policies* the following words have the meaning given to them unless stated otherwise:

“Act”	means the Local Government Act 1989 .
“alcohol”	means a beverage intended for human consumption with an alcohol content greater than 0.5 per centum by volume at a temperature of 20 degrees Celsius.
“animal”	includes every species of quadruped and every species of bird.
“appropriate fee”	means the appropriate fee determined by the Council in accordance with this Local Law.
“camp”	means using a tent, caravan, mobile home or any other movable temporary form of accommodation including sleeping bags or swags.
“Chief Executive Officer”	means the person appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the Council.

“Collectable rubbish”	includes domestic waste or other waste of a nature and quantity usually expected to be accumulated from residential premises but does not include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) liquid waste, slops or any offensive material;(b) any ash unless the ash has been effectually dampened so as to be non- combustible or vacuum cleaner waste unless it has been wrapped;(c) any oil, solvent, flammable liquid;(d) glass or other sharp objects unless they are wrapped or treated so that they are harmless or inoffensive;(e) disposable napkins unless they have been cleaned of solids and securely wrapped in impervious material before being placed in the rubbish container; or(f) trade waste of any kind.	
"Commercial Zone"	means land that is zoned commercial in the Planning Scheme.	<i>Ins by LL 13 7/13</i>
“Council”	means the Buloke Shire Council.	
“Council land”	means land, buildings and facilities which are owned, occupied or vested in the Council or in respect of which the Council has the care and management and to which the public has access whether an entry fee is paid or not and includes a public place.	
"heavy vehicle"	means a motor vehicle or trailer that has a gross vehicle mass greater than 4.5 tonnes.	<i>Ins by LL 13 7/13</i>
"Industrial Zone"	means land that is zoned industrial in the Planning Scheme.	<i>Ins by LL 13 7/13</i>
“livestock”	means an animal (including a bird) of any species used in connection with primary production or kept or used for recreational purposes other than a dog or cat.	
"long vehicle"	means a vehicle that together with any load or projection, is 7.5 metres in length or longer.	<i>Ins by LL 13 7/13</i>
"motor vehicle"	has the same meaning as section 3 of the Road Safety Act 1986 .	<i>Ins by LL 13 7/13</i>
“noxious weed”	has the same meaning as in the Catchment and Land Protection Act 1994 .	
“penalty unit”	has the same meaning as in the Sentencing Act 1991 .	

“permit”	in relation to a use or activity, means a permit issued under this Local Law which authorises that use or activity.	
“planning scheme”	means the Planning Scheme operating in the Buloke Shire that is made under the Planning and Environment Act 1987 .	
“Policies Manual”	means the Policies contained in the <i>Policies Manual</i> made by the Council and used in conjunction with this Local Law.	
“poultry”	means birds kept for the production of eggs or meat for human consumption but does not include roosters.	
“public place”	has the same meaning as in the Summary Offences Act 1966 .	
“recreational vehicle”	includes mini bikes, trail bikes, motor bikes, motor cars, motor scooters and go karts but does not include motorised vehicles being used for farming purposes or a motorised wheelchair.	
“road”	has the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 1989 and applies to roads for which the Council has responsibility under the Road Management Act 2004 but does not include a State road under the Road Management Act unless a provision in the Local Law is expressly applied to a State road.	
"Rural Zone"	means land that is zoned rural in the Planning Scheme.	<i>Ins by LL 13 7/13</i>
"Township"	means an area defined in a map in Schedule 5.	<i>Ins by LL 13 7/13</i>
“wheeled recreation device”	has the same meaning as in the Road Safety Road Rules 2009 .	
“wildlife”	has the same meaning as the Wildlife Act 1975 .	

PART TWO - ACTIVITIES AND USES REQUIRING A PERMIT

DIVISION 1 – MANAGEMENT BY PERMIT

7. *Activities and uses requiring a permit*

- (1) A permit must be obtained from the Council before a person carries out any of the following uses or activities:
 - (a) using a footpath for the commercial activities described in clause 8 including the location of furniture and associated equipment used for outdoor eating, signs and displays of goods;
 - (b) using Council land or a road for trading, collecting gifts of money or subscriptions as specified in clause 9;
 - (c) lighting fires in the open air as specified in clause 10;
 - (d) collecting firewood as specified in clause 11;
 - (e) camping in the municipal district in the circumstances described in clause 12;
 - (f) using a recreation vehicle on Council land as specified in clause 13;
 - (g) keeping more animals than that permitted for the land as specified in clause 14;
 - (h) keeping beehives in the circumstances described in clause 16;
 - (i) grazing livestock on Council roads in the circumstances described in clause 17;
 - Paras (j)-(k) In by cl.6 LL13 – 7/13*
 - (j) putting shipping containers on land in the circumstances described in clauses 17A;
 - (k) parking or leaving a heavy vehicle or a long vehicle standing on a road for more than 1 hour in a Township except as described in clause 17E; and
 - (l) opening or closing a road for works as described in clause 17F.
- (2) A person who fails to obtain a permit for any of the uses or activities listed in sub-clause (1) is guilty of an offence against this Local Law and liable to the penalty stated in the provision.
- (3) A person must comply with:
 - (a) any conditions of a permit; and
 - (b) any additional conditions or requirements that this Local Law, including any requirements in the *Policies Manual* applying to the use or activity.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

- (4) The Council may grant exemptions from any other requirements or limitations that this Local Law or the *Policies Manual* applies to the use or activity.

DIVISION 2 –ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO USES AND ACTIVITIES

8. Using footpaths for commercial activities

- (1) The requirement to obtain a permit for commercial activities on a footpath applies where a person proposes to use a footpath for:
- (a) outdoor eating;
 - (b) displaying goods for sale; and
 - (c) advertising signs that are not of a size or type where a permit is required under the Planning Scheme.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

- (2) In addition to complying with any conditions of a permit, a person using a footpath for commercial activities must comply with any requirements in the *Footpath Trading Policy*.

9. Trading, collections or subscriptions

- (1) The requirement to obtain a permit to solicit collections, gifts of money or subscriptions applies where it is proposed to collect or solicit from any road or footpath or from house to house.
- (2) The requirement to obtain a permit to trade from Council land or road applies where trading is to be done from a vehicle, stall or any other temporary structure and irrespective of whether trading is on a permanent or casual basis.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

10. Fires in the Open Air

- (1) The requirement to obtain a permit to light a fire in the open air applies if a person is proposing to light a fire in the open air, including in an incinerator, in a Township as defined on the maps in Schedule 5 to this Local Law.

Penalty: 3 Penalty Units

- (2) The requirement to obtain a permit does not apply if the fire in the open air:
- (a) is in a barbecue or some other appliance for cooking food;
 - (b) is in an incinerator that is regulated under the **Environment Protection Act 1970**;

- (c) is a tool of trade being used for the purpose it was designed for;
 - (d) has been lit by a member of the Country Fire Authority in the course of his or her duty or a member of the public under the **Country Fire Authority Act 1958**; or
 - (e) is in exceptional circumstances.
- (3) Despite the previous provision, a person granted a permit to light a fire in a Township must not light or allow a fire to remain alight in the open air on a Total Fire Ban day declared under the **Country Fire Authority Act**.
- (4) A person lighting a fire in the open air must ensure that smoke from the fire is not offensive or a risk to a person's health or safety.

Penalty: 5 Penalty Units

11. Collecting firewood on Council roads

- (1) The requirement to obtain a permit to collect firewood applies where a person proposes to collect firewood from Council roads.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

- (2) In determining whether to grant a permit, the Council will take into account:
- (a) the classification of the Council road in the *Roadside Vegetation Guidelines*;
 - (b) any other environmental considerations the Council has determined in relation to the Council road;
 - (c) whether the firewood collection is consistent with fire fuel hazard reduction; and
 - (d) any other matters considered relevant to the application.

12. Camping in the municipal district

The requirement to obtain a permit to camp applies to a person proposing to camp on land unless it is on land within a camping area designated by the Council or any other relevant authority for the purpose.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

13. Recreation vehicles

- (1) The requirement to obtain a permit to use a recreation vehicle applies where it is proposed to use the vehicle on Council land that has not been designated by the Council for that purpose.

- (2) It is an offence to use a Recreation Vehicle without a permit on Council Land on a declared Total Fire Ban Day.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

14. Keeping excess animals²

- (1) The requirement to obtain a permit to keep animals applies where the number of any particular animal exceeds that in the following Table.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

Type of animal	Maximum number allowed in Township without a permit	Maximum number allowed outside of Township without a permit
Dogs	2	6
Cats	2	6
Pigeons	40	No maximum limit
Small birds - includes canaries, finches, budgerigars	20	No maximum limit
Large birds such as cockatoos, parrots, galahs	0	10
Poultry	6 - for any combination of chickens or ducks 0 - roosters, geese or turkeys	No maximum limit
Domestic mice	10	No maximum limit
Guinea pigs	6	No maximum limit
Domestic rabbits	6	No maximum limit
Horses/donkeys	0	No maximum limit
Cattle	0	No maximum limit
Sheep	0	No maximum limit
Goats	0	No maximum limit
Pigs	0	No maximum limit
Other agricultural animals	0	No maximum limit

- (2) The requirement to obtain a permit under this provision does not apply where a planning permit and a domestic animal business permit has been obtained for animal boarding or breeding on the land.

- (3) A person may only keep wildlife in accordance with the requirements of the **Wildlife Act 1975** and any regulations made under that Act.³

² For the purposes of calculating the maximum limit of numbers of animals kept, the progeny of any animal lawfully kept will be exempt for a period of three months after their birth.

³ The Wildlife Act 1975 and the Wildlife Regulations 2002 regulate the keeping of wildlife. *The Code of Practice for the Welfare of Animals - Private keeping of animals (Victoria) 2003*

15. Animal Housing

- (1) Whether a permit is required or not, a person keeping animals must provide shelter for them that is reasonable and appropriate for the type of animal being kept and having regard to:
 - (a) the capacity to protect neighbours from any noise or nuisance from the animals; and
 - (b) the capacity to maintain the housing in an inoffensive and sanitary condition.
- (2) All animal shelters must be maintained so that a nuisance or offensive condition is not caused to adjoining properties by:
 - (a) manure and other waste on the land;
 - (b) a failure to keep food and other materials in fly and vermin proof containers;
 - (c) inadequate drainage of the land; and
 - (d) allowing grass, weeds, refuse, rubbish and other material to build up within three metres of the animal shelter; and
 - (e) a failure to keep the animal shelter and the land in a clean and sanitary condition.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

16. Beekeeping

- (1) The requirement to obtain a permit to keep bees applies where a person proposes to keep beehives in a Township.
- (2) A person keeping bees must have regard to the *Apiary Code of Practice*.⁴

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

17. Grazing Livestock on Council Roads

- (1) The requirement to obtain a permit to graze livestock applies where it is proposed to graze livestock on Council roads⁵ up to six kilometres from the property on which they are usually kept and to which they are returned on the same day.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

complements the requirements of individuals under the legislation by identifying minimum standards of welfare that should be observed for any particular species.

⁴ Sections 49-53 of the Livestock Disease Control Act 1994 requires any person keeping bees to be registered and to pay an annual fee to the Secretary of the Department of Primary Industry.

⁵ Vic Roads may require a permit for proposed grazing on State roads or the activity may be prohibited by Vic Roads.

- (2) If a permit is granted the permit must include conditions that:
- (a) The livestock are healthy and free from diseases and free from noxious weed seeds that may be transferred.
 - (b) The livestock are grazed only on specified roads that are identified under the *Roadside Management Guidelines* as being available for grazing in certain circumstances;
 - (c) The livestock grazed on a road between sunrise and sunset only and visibility for road users must be at least 300 metres for the duration of the grazing.
 - (d) There is a person in charge of the livestock at all times who is competent in handling the livestock that are grazing and who supervises them for the duration of the grazing until they are returned to the property.
 - (e) There are adequate alerts to motorists, including the presence of an amber flashing light and signs placed ahead and behind the livestock while they are being moved and which remain in place until the livestock are confined on the destination property.
 - (f) The signs referred to in paragraph (e) must comply with the requirements of the *Road Safety Road Rules 2009*⁶ and must be removed at completion of grazing.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

17A. Shipping Containers in a Township

Clauses 17A-17D In by cl.7 LL13 – 7/13

- (1) The requirement to obtain a permit to put a shipping container on land applies where a person proposes to put a shipping container on land in a Township.
- (2) A permit under subclause (1) will not be granted for a shipping container on land in a Township:
 - (a) unless it is considered to be ancillary to the use of the land; and
 - (b) if the land on which it is to be put is vacant land, unless a building permit for a dwelling has been applied for or has been issued for a dwelling on the land.
- (3) Any shipping container put on land in a Township must:
 - (a) only be used for storage;
 - (b) not be located in the front of the property, or closer than 1 metre to the side boundaries of the property and no closer than 2 metres to any side street;

⁶ See current legislation on www.legislation.vic.gov.au

- (c) be screened by effective fencing, vegetation or colour to reduce its visual impact from any road.

Penalty: 5 Penalty Units

17B. Shipping Containers in Rural Zones

A person proposing to put a shipping container on land in a Rural Zone must ensure that it is screened by effective fencing, vegetation or colour to reduce its visual impact from any road.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

17C. Shipping Containers in Industrial Zones

A person proposing to put a shipping container on land in an Industrial Zone must ensure that it is screened by effective fencing, vegetation or colour to reduce its visual impact from any road or from neighbouring residential properties.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

17D. Shipping Containers in Business Zones

A person must not put a container on land in a Business Zone except for loading or unloading it, in which case it must not remain on the land for longer than 72 hours.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

17E. Parking or leaving heavy or long vehicles on a road

Clause 17E In by cl.8 LL13 – 7/13

The requirement to obtain a permit to park or leave a heavy vehicle or a long vehicle on a road in a Township does not apply if:

- (a) the Council has designated an area in a Township where a person can park or leave a long vehicle or a heavy vehicle; or
- (b) the Council permits a heavy vehicle or a long vehicle to be parked or left on a road in a Township in accordance with information contained in a traffic control device on that part of the road; or
- (c) the heavy vehicle or the long vehicle is involved in dropping off or picking up goods.

17F. Works on roads

Clause 17F In by cl.9 LL13 – 7/13

- (1) The requirement to obtain a permit for works on a road applies where access for other users of the road will be interfered with or restricted because of:
 - (a) works to be undertaken on the road such as excavating, digging holes, occupying or fencing off part of a road; or

- (b) works to be undertaken such as erecting hoardings or scaffolding or using cranes, storing building materials or locating bulk rubbish containers will require a road to be opened up or closed for a period of time.
- (2) The requirement to obtain a permit in sub-clause (1) does not apply to a member of Council staff, a person contracted by the Council or an employee of a utility carrying out their duties.
- (3) A utility must comply with the **Road Management Act 2004** when undertaking works on a road.

PART THREE- ACTIVITIES AND USES TO COMPLY

18. *Activities and uses to comply with requirements*

- (1) A person must comply with the requirements applied in this Local Law to:
 - (a) animal control;
 - (b) livestock movements within the municipal district;
 - (c) the condition and appearance of land or buildings in the municipal district;
 - (d) preventing fire hazards;
 - (e) toilet facilities on building sites;
 - (f) disposal of domestic waste;
 - (g) recyclable material and hard waste collection;
 - (h) waste and waste hoppers; and
 - (i) locating trees and plants and other obstructions.
- (2) A person who does not comply with the requirements applying to the use or activity listed in sub-clause (1) is guilty of an offence against this Local Law and liable to the penalty stated in the provision.
- (3) A person must comply with any additional conditions or requirements in the *Policies Manual* that apply to a specified use or activity.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

19. *Animal Control*

- (1) A person in control of a dog must not allow that dog to be unleashed in any Public Place in the Municipal District except in areas designated as being for unleashed dogs.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

- (2) A person with the care and control of an animal must immediately collect and dispose of any excrement left by that animal in a Public Place in a way that does not cause a nuisance to any other person.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

- (3) A person disposing of dead livestock or parts of dead livestock must dispose of the livestock in a way that does not cause a nuisance or is detrimental to the health of another person or detrimental to the environment.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

- (4) A person must not allow any livestock that he or she is the owner of to stray onto any road or any public place and must ensure that any land on which livestock is kept is fenced in a way that will prevent the type of animal being kept on the land escaping from it.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

- (5) A person must not keep any animal in a way that would create a nuisance, be offensive, dangerous or injurious to health of another person.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

20. Livestock movements within the municipal district

- (1) A person may only move livestock along a Council road⁷ in the municipal district for the purpose of moving them from one farm or part of a farm to another or to or from any saleyards in the municipal district provided that the following requirements are complied with.
- (2) The requirements that must be complied with are that:
- (a) The livestock are moved on a road only between sunrise and sunset and in weather conditions for the duration of each movement where the visibility for road users is at least 300 metres.
 - (b) There is a person in charge of the livestock at all times who is competent in handling the livestock being moved and who supervises the livestock for the duration of the movement.
 - (c) There are adequate alerts to motorists, including the presence of an amber flashing light and signs which are placed ahead and behind the livestock while they are being moved and which remain in place until the livestock are confined on the destination property.
 - (d) The signs referred to in paragraph (c) must comply with the requirements of the *Road Safety Road Rules 2009*⁸ and must be removed at completion of the movement between farming properties.

Examples of appropriate signs for livestock on roads from Schedule 3 of the *Road Safety Road Rules 2009* appear below.

⁷ This requirement only applies to roads under the care and management of the Council (a Council road). Any proposal to move cattle on a State road (VicRoads road) should be referred to VicRoads to ensure that any requirements of VicRoads are met.

⁸ See current legislation on www.legislation.vic.gov.au



(3) This provision does not permit livestock droving in the municipal district.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

21. Standards applying to the condition and appearance of land and buildings

(1) The standards that the Council considers to be appropriate to ensure that the condition and appearance of land and buildings in the municipal district are generally in keeping with the overall character and amenity of the neighbourhood or are not potentially dangerous to properties in the vicinity are shown in the following photographs.

Acceptable standard for local law purposes



Unacceptable standard for local law purposes



(2) An owner or occupier of land must ensure that the condition and appearance of land or buildings owned or occupied by him or her is of a standard that is generally in keeping with the overall character and amenity of the neighbourhood or is not potentially dangerous to properties in the vicinity because of:

Clause 21(2)(a) am by cl.10 LL13 – 7/13

(a) the type or quantity of goods, machinery, motor vehicles or equipment kept on the land; or

- (b) the type or volume of materials, substances or vegetation that is present on the land; or
- (c) a building on the land being in a state of disrepair or having an appearance of general neglect.

Penalty: 5 Penalty Units

- (3) Other factors that may be taken into consideration by an Authorised Officer in determining whether there has been a contravention of subclauses (1) and (2) will be whether:
 - (a) a nuisance or a health hazard could exist because of noxious weeds or because the conditions provide a harbour for vermin;
 - (b) the building surveyor has advised the Chief Executive Officer in writing that a building on the land is structurally unsound or unsafe; or
 - (c) windows or doors in the building have been broken or removed and the building cannot be secured.
- (4) If an Authorised Officer considers that an owner or occupier of land is failing to comply with the requirements of subclause (1) the Authorised Officer may serve a Notice to Comply requiring the owner or occupier to take remedial action to limit the impact of the condition or appearance of the land or building on the overall character or amenity of the neighbourhood or to eliminate the danger, including alternative means of resolving the failure to comply such as screening the land by a fence or other methods.

Penalty: 5 Penalty Units

22. Preventing Fire Hazards

- (1) An owner or occupier of land must ensure that all necessary steps are taken to prevent fires and minimise the possibility of the spread of fire from the land by keeping it free from:
 - (a) a dangerous level of undergrowth, scrub, bracken, ferns, weeds, stubble and grass (whether alive or dead), and any other materials: or
 - (b) substances (including vehicle tyres), likely to assist in the spread of fire, whether of a similar kind to the substances mentioned or not.

Penalty: 3 Penalty Units

- (2) For the purposes of sub-clause (1) any type of the growth specified must not exceed 100mm in a Township.

23. Toilet facilities on Building Sites

A person must not undertake any building, engineering or other work which involves the employment of people unless they are provided with sanitary facilities on the site to the satisfaction of an Authorised Officer.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

24. Disposal of Domestic Waste

Clause 24 am by cl.11 LL13 – 7/13

- (1) The occupier of any premises which is provided with a rubbish collection service provided by the Council must ensure that:
 - (a) only collectible rubbish is placed in a rubbish bin that has been provided or in an approved container;
 - (b) the rubbish bin is returned to the allocated premises as soon as practicable after it has been emptied;
 - (c) the rubbish bin does not remain on any road for a period exceeding 24 hours unless a permit has been obtained; and
 - (d) the rubbish bin is maintained in a clean, inoffensive and sanitary condition.

Penalty: 2 penalty units

- (2) Other than an owner or occupier of premises to which a rubbish bin has been allocated, a person must not remove a rubbish bin left out for collection by the Council's contractors or remove any other thing left for collection under subclause (1).

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

- (3) A person must not remove anything left at a municipal landfill or transfer station.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

25. Recyclable material and Hard Waste Collection

- (1) If the council has notified occupiers that it is providing a recycling or hard waste collection, the material to be recycled and the hard waste to be collected must be left for collection in accordance with the Council's directions.
- (2) Every recycling container used for the collection of recyclable material or waste must display a notice indicating the type of waste or material which is permitted and stating that it is an offence to deposit any material contrary to the notice.
- (3) A person must not place any waste or material in the recycling container contrary to any notice on it.

- (4) A person must not remove or interfere with recyclable material left at any collection point.
- (5) Sub-clause (4) does not apply to a person authorised by the Council to remove such materials or an employee of the person acting in the course of employment or a person placing materials for collection or an officer of the Council acting in the course of duties.

Penalty: 2 penalty units

26. Waste and waste hoppers

- (1) An occupier of premises who arranges for the collection of waste or for a waste hopper to be provided to the premises must ensure that the requirements of this Local Law are complied with.
- (2) Waste hoppers or containers used for the collection and storage of waste that contains perishable goods, food waste, trade waste or other material that could attract flies and vermin must:
 - (a) be constructed of approved impervious material to the satisfaction of an Authorised Officer to prevent leakage, absorption, or accumulation of any refuse or rubbish that may be deposited in it;
 - (b) be watertight, fly and vermin proof;
 - (c) contain a removable drainage plug so that it can be cleaned; and
 - (d) be fitted with fly and vermin proof lid with overlapping flanges which must be kept closed when not in use.
- (3) Waste hoppers or containers must be emptied at least weekly, or if the contents become or are likely to become offensive, more regularly.
- (4) A person using a waste hopper or container must ensure that the container:
 - (a) is stored on an impervious surface so that it can be washed and waste water is drained to an approved outlet;
 - (b) is stored and maintained in a clean, sanitary and inoffensive condition at all times to the satisfaction of an Authorised Officer;
 - (c) the container is fenced and screened so that it is out of site and is not easily accessible to the public.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

27. Locating trees and plants and other obstructions

- (1) An owner or occupier of land must not plant a tree or plant, allow a tree or locate a tree or plant, fencing, a sign or anything on their property so that it could be an obstruction or so that it obstructs or interferes with pedestrian or vehicular traffic because it:

- (a) overhangs a property boundary onto a footpath or other part of the road used by pedestrians limiting safe access or likely to cause injury or damage;
- (b) or extends over any part of the road so that it:
 - (i) obstructs the view between vehicles at an intersection; or
 - (ii) obstructs the view between vehicles and pedestrians; or
 - (iii) obscures a traffic control item from an approaching vehicle or pedestrian; or
 - (iv) obscures street lighting; or
- (c) constitutes a danger to vehicles or pedestrians or compromises the safe and convenient use of the road.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

- (2) A tree or plant overhanging a property boundary onto a footpath will be considered to limit safe access for pedestrians or likely to cause injury or damage if it encroaches on a road because it is less than 3 metres high or a pedestrian cannot continue on a footpath and needs to step off the footpath to avoid trees or plants from an abutting property.
- (3) The Council may serve a Notice to Comply requiring an owner or occupier of land to take remedial action to ensure that trees and plants on that person's property do not compromise safe access for pedestrians using a footpath.⁹

27A. Numbering Properties

Clause 27A in by cl.12 LL13 – 7/13

If Council has allocated a number to a property, the owner or occupier of the property must ensure that:

- (a) the property is marked with the number allocated;
- (b) the numbers used are a reasonable size; and
- (c) the numbers are located so that they are free from obstructions and they can be read under all normal lighting conditions from the road immediately adjacent to the front boundary of the property.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

⁹ Section 225 of the Local Government Act 1989 provides a power to the council to carry out work if a person fails to carry out work required under a local law and to recover the costs of carrying out the work.

PART FOUR- PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES AND USES

28. *Behaviour on Council land or road*

- (1) A person using Council land must not behave in a way that could cause harm or injury or which interferes with any other person's enjoyment of the Council land by:
 - (a) using language or behaving in a way that is indecent, offensive or abusive and which annoys, disturbs, interferes or obstructs any person's enjoyment of Council land;
 - (b) acting in a way which could endanger any person;
 - (c) damaging, destroying, defacing, removing or interfering with anything in or on any building, improvement or other structure of any kind;
 - (d) acting contrary to any conditions or signs that contain conditions that apply to the use of the Council land;
 - (e) removing trees, plants or any vegetation on Council land or roads; or
 - (f) acting contrary to any lawful direction of an Authorised Officer or a person in charge of a facility on Council land.

- (2) A person must not:
 - (a) allow any tree or plant;
 - (b) use or repair any vehicle or equipment; or
 - (c) allow any other condition –on land owned or occupied by him or her to cause damage to, interfere with or create a risk to Council land or a road under the control of the Council.

Clause 28(3) in by cl.13 LL13 – 7/13

- (3) A person using Council land or a road:
 - (a) must comply with any conditions of use applied to that land or road by the Council and notified by way of signs, conditions of entry or conditions of membership;
 - (b) must comply with the lawful directions of an Authorised Officer or a person in charge of Council land.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

29. *Consumption of alcohol*

- (1) Between 11pm and 6am, a person must not consume alcohol or have in their possession an open container of alcohol:
 - (a) in or on any street or road within the towns of Birchip, Charlton, Donald, Sea Lake and Wycheproof as described on the Township maps in Schedule 5;

- (b) in any of the nominated recreation reserves as described in Schedule 5;
- (c) in or on a vehicle in those Townships or nominated recreation reserves.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

- (2) The prohibition in subclause (1) does not apply to any part of a street or road or recreation reserve which is licensed premises or authorised premises under the **Liquor Control Reform Act 1998**.
- (3) Despite the prohibition in subclause (1) the Council may grant a permit for the consumption of alcohol on streets and roads and nominated recreation reserves within the towns of Birchip, Charlton, Donald, Sea Lake and Wycheproof.

30. *Burning offensive materials*

A person must not burn offensive materials including any of the following:

- (a) any manufactured material;
- (b) any plastic;
- (c) any petroleum or oil;
- (d) any paint or receptacle which contains or contained paint;
- (e) food waste, fish or other offensive or noxious matter; and
- (f) any material that in the opinion of the Authorised Officer produces excessive or noxious smoke emissions when burnt.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

31. *Smoke from Chimneys*

A person must not cause or allow any chimney to discharge fumes, smoke, ash, soot or odours to such an extent that it is dangerous to the health of or offensive to another person.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

32. *Debris from construction sites*

A person driving a vehicle in a Township must not allow mud, dirt, stone or similar matter from a construction site to be left on a road by a vehicle, including a vehicle leaving a construction site.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

33. *Skateboards and other wheeled recreation devices*

- (1) A person must not use a skateboard or any wheeled recreation device in areas designated by the Council as prohibited for their use.
- (2) A person must not use a skateboard or any other wheeled recreation device on Council land or road or a public place in a way that:
 - (a) other users of the Council land or road may have their safety compromised or they could be injured;
 - (b) other users of the Council land or road are inconvenienced or feel intimidated; or
 - (c) damage could be caused to any property in the Council land or road or public place.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

PART FIVE – ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

DIVISION 1 - PERMITS, FEES AND DELEGATIONS

34. *Applying for a permit*

- (1) A person who wishes to apply for a permit may do so by:-
 - (a) lodging with the Council an application in a form of Schedule 1; and
 - (b) paying to the Council the appropriate application fee.
- (2) The Council may require an applicant to provide additional information before dealing with an application for a permit or for exemption.
- (3) The Council may require a person making an application for a permit to give public notice which will entitle any person to make a submission and to be heard in accordance with section 223 of the Act.
- (4) In deciding whether to grant a permit the Council may take into consideration whether the proposed activity or use will:
 - (a) conform with any related policies of the Council;
 - (b) cause a danger or hazard to pedestrians or vehicles;
 - (c) disturb, annoy or disrupt adjacent property owners or occupiers;
 - (d) be detrimental to the amenity of the area;
 - (e) destroy native vegetation on Council land or roads;
 - (f) cause damage to Council assets;
 - (g) require the consent or should be referred to obtain the opinion of any other public authority or individual;
 - (h) require additional arrangements to be made for waste water disposal, litter and garbage disposal, lighting and security;
 - (i) obstruct a footpath so that it will not be possible to maintain a clear walkway at all times;
 - (j) necessitate the applicant to have insurance against any risk;
 - (k) necessitate a written indemnification of the Council against liability arising from activities authorised by the permit; and
 - (l) any other matters relevant to the circumstances of the application.

35. Issue or permits

The Council may:

- (a) issue a permit with or without conditions; or
- (b) refuse to issue a permit.

36. Right of Appeal

- (1) A person who has applied for a permit may appeal in writing to Chief Executive Officer against the decision of an Authorised Officer to refuse to grant a permit within 21 days of being notified of the decision.
- (2) The Chief Executive Officer may obtain any additional information to assist with the determination of the appeal.
- (3) The Chief Executive Officer will advise the applicant in writing of the decision and the reasons for it within one month of receiving the request to review the decision of the Authorised Officer or within one month of receiving any additional information requested of the applicant.

37. Duration of permits

- (1) A permit is in force until the expiry date indicated on the permit, unless it is cancelled before the expiry date.
- (2) If no expiry date is indicated on the permit, the permit expires twelve months after the date on which it is issued.
- (3) Before the permit expires, a person may request the Council to extend the permit for a further period of time.

38. Conditional permits

- (1) A conditional permit may be subject to conditions which the Council considers to be appropriate in the circumstances including:
 - (a) the payment of a fee or charge; and
 - (b) the payment of a security deposit, bond or guarantee to the Council to secure the proper performance of conditions on a permit or to rectify any damage caused to Council assets as a result of the use or activity allowed by the permit; and
 - (c) a time limit to be applied either specifying the duration, commencement or completion date; and
 - (d) that the applicant be insured against the risk and to provide a written indemnification of the Council against liability arising from the activity or use; and
 - (e) the rectification, remedying or restoration of a situation of circumstance; and

- (f) where the applicant is not the owner of the subject property, the consent of the owner; and
 - (g) the granting of some other permit or authorisation.
- (2) The conditions of a permit must be set out in the permit.
- (3) The Council may, during the currency of a permit, alter the conditions of a permit if it considers it to be appropriate to do so, after providing the permit holder with an opportunity to make comment on the proposed alteration.

39. Cancellation of permit

- (1) The Council may cancel a permit if it considers that:
- (a) there has been a serious or ongoing breach of the conditions of the permit; or
 - (b) a Notice to Comply has been issued, but not complied with within seven days after the time specified in the notice for compliance; or
 - (c) there was a significant error or misrepresentation in the application for the permit; or
 - (d) in the circumstances, the permit should be cancelled.
- (2) Before it cancels a permit, the Council must provide to the permit holder with an opportunity to make comment on the proposed cancellation.
- (3) If a permit holder is not the owner of the land and the owner's consent was required to be given to the application for the permit, the owner must be notified of any Notice to Comply and of the reason why it has been served.

40. Correction of permits

- (1) The Council may correct a permit in relation to:
- (a) an unintentional error or an omission; or
 - (b) an evident material miscalculation or an evident material mistake in the description of a person, thing or property.
- (2) The Council must notify a permit holder in writing of any correction.
- (3) If the permit holder is not the owner of the land and the owner's consent was required to be given to the application for the permit, the owner must be notified of any correction to a permit.

41. Fees

- (1) The Council may, from time to time, by resolution determine fees for the purposes of this Local Law.

- (2) In determining any fees and charges the Council may establish a system or structure of fees and charges, including a minimum or maximum fee or charge, if it considers it is appropriate to do so.
- (3) The Council may waive, reduce or alter a fee with or without conditions.

42. Registers

- (1) The Council must maintain a register of permits granted, including details of corrections and cancellations.
- (2) The Council must maintain a register of determinations made and of guidelines or procedures prepared for the purposes of this Local Law.
- (3) The Council must ensure that the registers are available for public inspection at the office of the Council during normal business hours.

43. Exemptions

- (1) The Council may by written notice exempt any person or class of persons from the requirement to have a permit, either generally or at specified times.
- (2) In determining whether to grant an exemption to the requirement to obtain a permit, an Authorised Officer will have regard to:
 - (a) the circumstances of the application;
 - (b) whether the application is to raise funds for community or charitable purposes;
 - (c) whether the proposed activity or use will have an overall community benefit;
 - (d) whether the proposed activity or use could have a detrimental effect on adjoining properties;
 - (e) whether the applicant will be given an unfair advantage over any other person or organisation; and
 - (f) any other matters relevant to the circumstances of the application.
- (3) An exemption may be granted subject to conditions.
- (4) A person must comply with the conditions of an exemption.
- (5) An exemption may be cancelled or corrected as if it were a permit.

44. Offences

A person who makes a false representation or declaration (whether oral or in writing), or who intentionally omits relevant information in an application for a permit or exemption is guilty of an offence.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

DIVISION 2 – ENFORCEMENT

45. Compliance with directions

A person must comply with any reasonable direction or instruction of an Authorised Officer when requested to do so in urgent circumstances or for public safety reasons, whether or not the person has a permit under this Local Law.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

46. Warning to offenders

- (1) Where there is a breach of this Local Law an Authorised Officer may request the person breaching the Local Law to stop or remedy the breach.
- (2) If there is a breach of this Local Law after an Authorised Officer has requested a person to remedy or stop the breach, the Authorised Officer may issue an official warning which must comply with the requirements of the **Infringements Act 2006**.

47. Power of Authorised Officer – Notice to Comply

Where there is a breach of this Local Law, an Authorised Officer may serve a Notice to Comply on the person who is breaching the Local Law in the form of Schedule 2.

48. Time to Comply

- (1) A Notice to Comply must state the time and date by which the situation must be remedied.
- (2) The time required by a Notice to Comply must be reasonable in the circumstances having regard to:
 - (a) the amount of work involved; and
 - (b) the degree of difficulty; and
 - (c) the availability of necessary materials or other necessary items; and
 - (d) climatic conditions; and
 - (e) the degree of risk or potential risk; and

- (f) any other relevant factor.

49. Failure to comply with a Notice to Comply

- (1) A person who fails to comply with a Notice to Comply served on that person is guilty of an offence.

Penalty: 2 Penalty Units

- (2) Where a Notice to Comply requiring works to be undertaken is not complied with an Authorised Officer may cause any works to be carried out to ensure compliance and may recover the costs incurred to the Council.

50. Power of Authorised Officers to act in urgent circumstances

- (1) In urgent circumstances arising as a result of a failure to comply with this Local Law, an Authorised Officer may take action to remove, remedy or rectify a situation without first serving a Notice to Comply if:
 - (a) the Authorised Officer considers the circumstances or situation to be sufficiently urgent and that the time involved or difficulties associated with the serving of a notice, may place a person, animal, property or thing at risk or in danger; and
 - (b) wherever practicable, a senior officer is given prior notice of the proposed action.
- (2) In deciding whether circumstances are urgent, an Authorised Officer must take into consideration, to the extent relevant:
 - (a) whether it is practicable to contact:-
 - (i) the person by whose default, permission or tolerance the situation has arisen; or
 - (ii) the owner or the occupier of the premises or property affected; and
 - (b) whether there is an urgent risk or threat to public health, public safety, the environment or animal welfare.
- (3) The action taken by an Authorised Officer under sub-clause (1) must not extend beyond what is necessary to cause the immediate abatement of or minimise the risk or danger involved.
- (4) An Authorised Officer who takes action under sub-clause (1) must ensure that, as soon as practicable:
 - (a) details of the circumstances and remedying action are forwarded to the person on whose behalf the action was taken; and
 - (b) a report of the action taken is submitted to the Chief Executive Officer.

51. Power of Authorised Officers to impound

- (1) Where any items, goods and equipment are used in contravention of this Local Law an Authorised Officer may remove and impound them.
- (2) Where any items, goods and equipment are impounded under this provision, an Authorised Officer must as soon as possible and where practicable, serve a Notice of Impounding in the form of Schedule 3 on the owner or the person responsible for the item setting out the fees and charges payable and the time by which the item must be retrieved.
- (3) Where the identity or whereabouts of the owner or the person responsible for the impounded item is unknown the Authorised Officer must take reasonable steps to establish the identify or whereabouts of the person and may to dispose of the impounded item in the following way:
 - (a) where the item is declared by a senior officer or another officer authorised for the purpose to have no saleable value, it may be disposed of in the most economical way determined by that officer;
 - (b) where the item is declared by a person in paragraph (a) to have some saleable value the item may be disposed of by tender, public auction or private sale but may be given away or disposed of if the sale is unsuccessful.
- (4) Any proceeds from the disposal of an impounded item will be paid to the owner or the person who in the opinion of the Council appears to be authorised to receive the money, except for the reasonable costs incurred to the Council in the administration of this Local Law.
- (5) If the person described in sub-clause (4) cannot be identified or located within 1 year of serving the Notice of Impounding, any proceeds of sale cease to be payable to that person and may be retained for municipal purposes.
- (6) If an Authorised Officer has impounded anything in accordance with this Local Law, the Council may refuse to release it until the appropriate fee or charge for its release has been paid to the Council.

52. Infringement Notices and Penalty Amounts

- (1) As an alternative to prosecution an Authorised Officer may issue an infringement notice to any person whom the Authorised Officer reasonably considers has committed an offence against this Local Law.
- (2) A person issued with an infringement notice is entitled to disregard the notice and defend the prosecution in court.
- (3) The penalty fixed in respect of an infringement for which an infringement notice is issued is the amount set out in Schedule 4.
- (4) A person issued with an infringement notice may pay the penalty amount to the Buloke Shire Council at the address indicated in the notice.

- (5) To avoid prosecution and subject to the Infringements Act 2006, the penalty indicated in the infringement notice must be paid within 28 days after the day on which the infringement notice is issued.

53. *Waiver and withdrawal*

- (1) Within 28 days of receiving an infringement notice a person may make a written request to the Chief Executive Officer that the infringement notice be withdrawn.
- (2) The Chief Executive Officer may consider the written request and may make a decision or a recommendation to the Council that the infringement notice be withdrawn.
- (3) Where an infringement notice is withdrawn, the person upon whom it was served is entitled to a refund of any payment which that person has made other than any costs which the Council has paid as part of the enforcement process.

**BULOKE SHIRE COUNCIL
COMMUNITY LOCAL LAW**

**SCHEDULE 1
(Clause 34)**

APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT

I, _____
(Name of applicant)
of _____
(address)
apply for a permit for _____
(identify use of activity)

The relevant details are:

I wish to be able to:

For further information, I may be contacted on _____ (telephone)
between the following times: _____ and _____.

Date: _____
Signed by applicant

Fees: _____
Signature of owner where required

Paid: _____ / _____ / _____
Name of owner

Receipt No: _____
Address of owner

**BULOKE SHIRE COUNCIL
COMMUNITY LOCAL LAW**

**Schedule 2
(Clause 47)**

NOTICE TO COMPLY

To:
(name)

.....
(address)
.....

The following constituted a breach under the provisions.....of the Council's **Community Local Law**. To remedy this breach you must carry out the following work within.....days from the date of this Notice.

Breach:.....

Work to be carried out:

.....
.....
.....
.....

You should contact.....(contact officer) at the Council offices between the hours of.....and.....for further information about this Notice.

If you fail to comply with this Notice you will be guilty of an offence and liable for the payment of a penalty of \$.....for the offence. If you do not remedy the breach the Authorised Officer may carry out the work and you will be liable for the cost of the work in addition to the above penalty.

Date:.....

Name of Authorised Officer:.....

Phone number/contact details of Authorised Officer:.....

Note: If this Notice relates to a contravention of a permit or a condition of the permit and there is failure to comply with this Notice, the permit may be cancelled. If you do not wish to have the permit cancelled you should comply with this Notice or write to the Council about why the permit should not be cancelled.

**BULOKE SHIRE COUNCIL
COMMUNITY LOCAL LAW**

**SCHEDULE 3
(Clause 51)**

IMPOUNDING NOTICE

To: _____
(Name)

(Address)

The following item(s) has/have been impounded in accordance with clause 51 of the Council's Community Local Law.

Description of items impounded:

You may collect the items by attending at the Municipal Offices at _____
_____ (insert address) between the hours of _____ to
see _____ (contact officer) and by paying the following:

<u>Details of fees and charges</u>	\$
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
TOTAL	\$ _____

If you fail to collect the item(s) and pay the required fees and charges by _____
(date), the Authorised Officer will proceed to dispose of the item(s) in accordance with Council's policy.

Date: _____

(Name of Authorised Officer)

Telephone: _____

(Signature)

BULOKE SHIRE COUNCIL COMMUNITY LOCAL LAW

SCHEDULE 4 (Clause 52)

PENALTIES FIXED FOR INFRINGEMENT NOTICE PURPOSES

Provision	Offence	Penalty Unit
Clause 7(3)	Failure to comply with conditions on a permit or any additional requirements	1 penalty unit
Clause 8	Using a footpath contrary to the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 9	Trading and soliciting collections contrary to the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 10(1)	Lighting fires in the open air contrary to the Local Law	2 penalty units
Clause 10(4)	Allowing a fire in the open air to be offensive or a risk to a person's health or safety	3 penalty units
Clause 11	Collecting firewood from Council roads without a permit	1 penalty unit
Clause 12	Camping contrary to the requirements of the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 13	Using recreation vehicles contrary to the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 14	Keeping excess numbers of animals contrary to the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 15	Failing to provide animal housing in accordance with the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 16	Keeping bees contrary to the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 17	Grazing livestock contrary to the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 17A	Failing to comply with requirements applying to shipping containers in a Township	2.5 penalty units
Clause 17B	Failing to comply with requirements applying to shipping containers in a Rural Zone	1 penalty unit
Clause 17C	Failing to comply with requirements applying to shipping containers in an Industrial Zone	1 penalty unit
Clause 17D	Failing to comply with requirements applying to shipping containers in a Business Zone	1 penalty unit
Clause 18(3)	Failing to comply with requirements applying to permitted uses or activities	1 penalty unit
Clause 19	Failing to ensure animals and livestock are controlled in accordance with the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 20	Failing to observe requirements for livestock movements in accordance with the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 21	Failing to comply with standards applying to land and buildings	3 penalty units

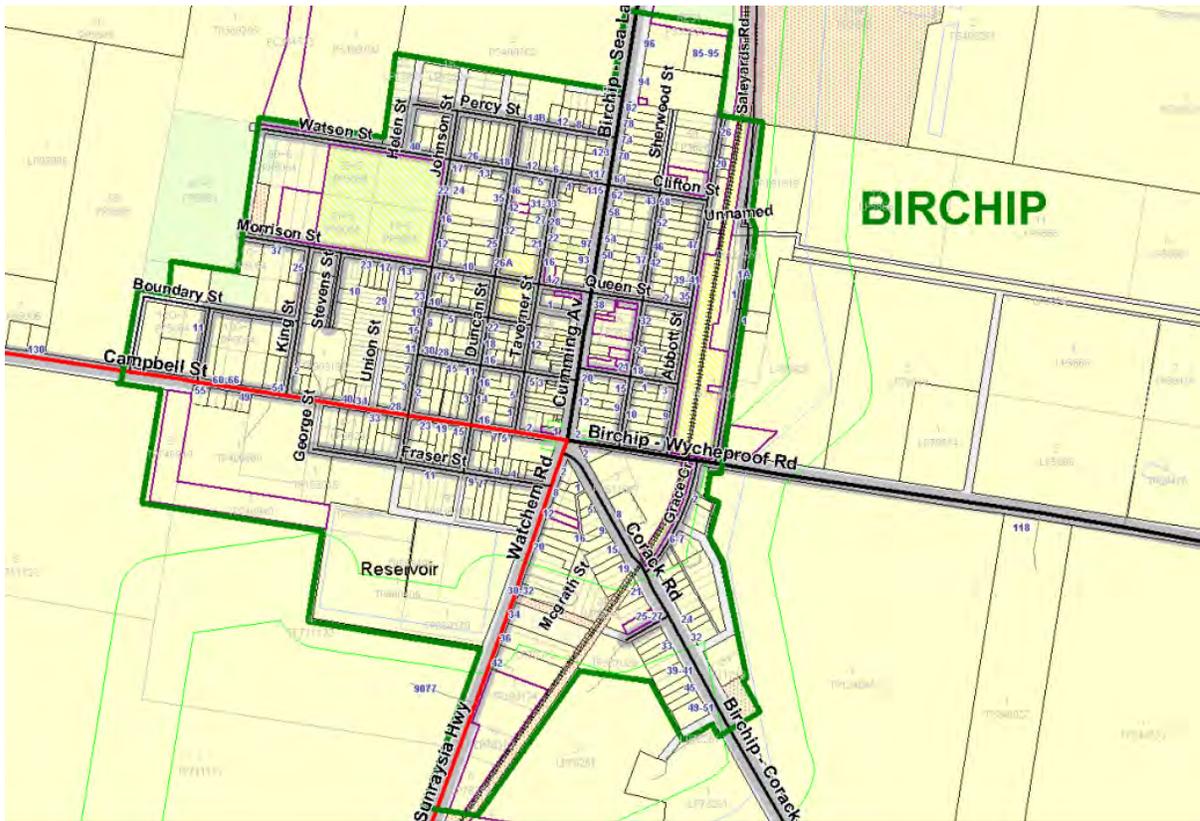
Buloke Shire Council - Community Local Law No.10

Clause 21(4)	Failing to comply with the requirements of an Authorised Officer concerning remedial action for land and buildings	3 penalty units
Clause 22	Failing to prevent fire hazards in accordance with the Local Law	2 penalty units
Clause 23	Failing to provide toilet facilities on building sites	1 penalty unit
Clause 24	Failing to dispose of domestic waste in accordance with the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 24(2) & (3)	Interfering with waste left for collection or at landfills	1 penalty unit
Clause 25	Failing to dispose of hard waste and recyclable materials in accordance with the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 26	Failing to dispose of waste in waste hoppers in accordance with the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 27	Allowing trees and plants to obstruct contrary to the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 27A	Failing to number properties	1 penalty unit
Clause 28	Behaving on Council land or roads contrary to the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 29	Consuming alcohol at times and places contrary to the Local Law	2 penalty units
Clause 30	Burning offensive materials contrary to the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 31	Allowing smoke from chimneys to be dangerous to health or offensive to others	1 penalty unit
Clause 32	Leaving debris from construction sites on roads	1 penalty unit
Clause 33	Using skateboards and other wheeled recreation devices contrary to the Local Law	1 penalty unit
Clause 44	Making a false representation or declaration	1 penalty unit
Clause 45	Failing to comply with a direction of an Authorised Officer	1 penalty unit
Clause 49	Failing to comply with a Notice to Comply	1 penalty unit

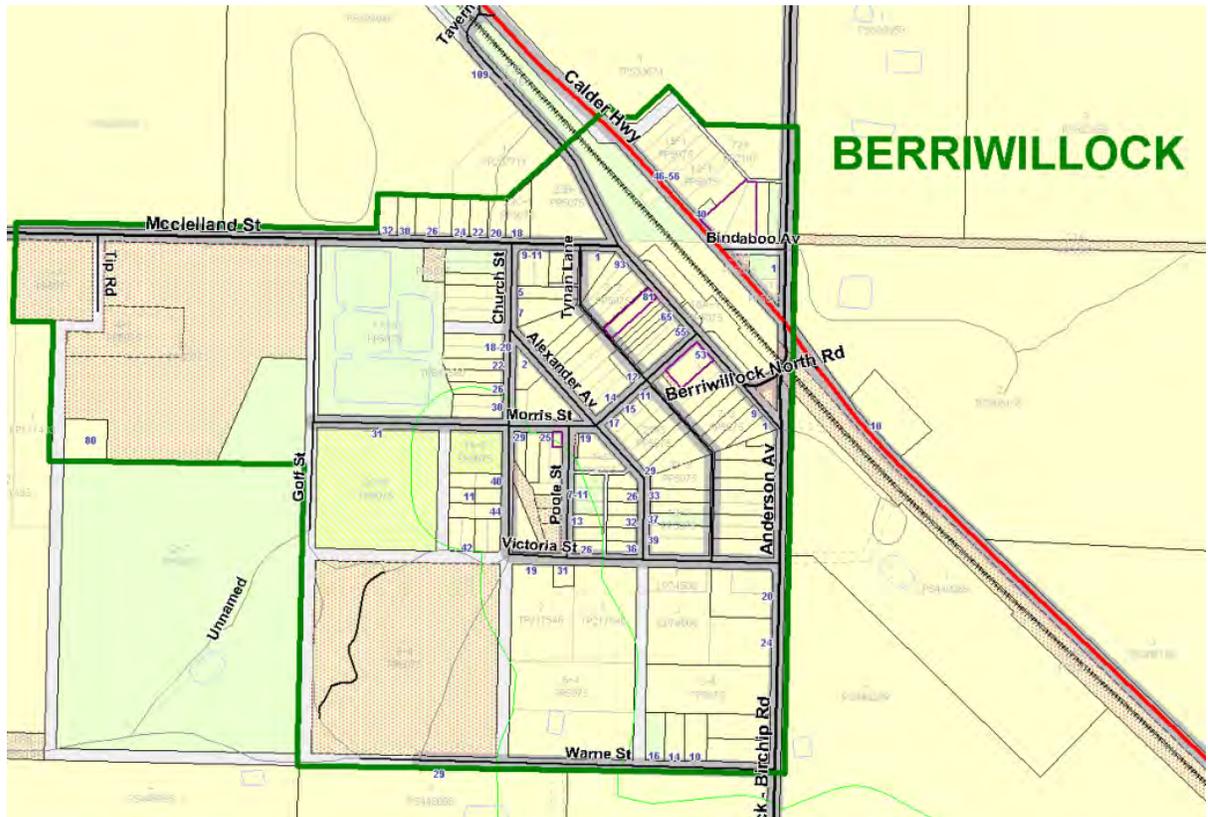
**BULOKE SHIRE COUNCIL
COMMUNITY LOCAL LAW**

**SCHEDULE 5
Clause 29(1) (a)**

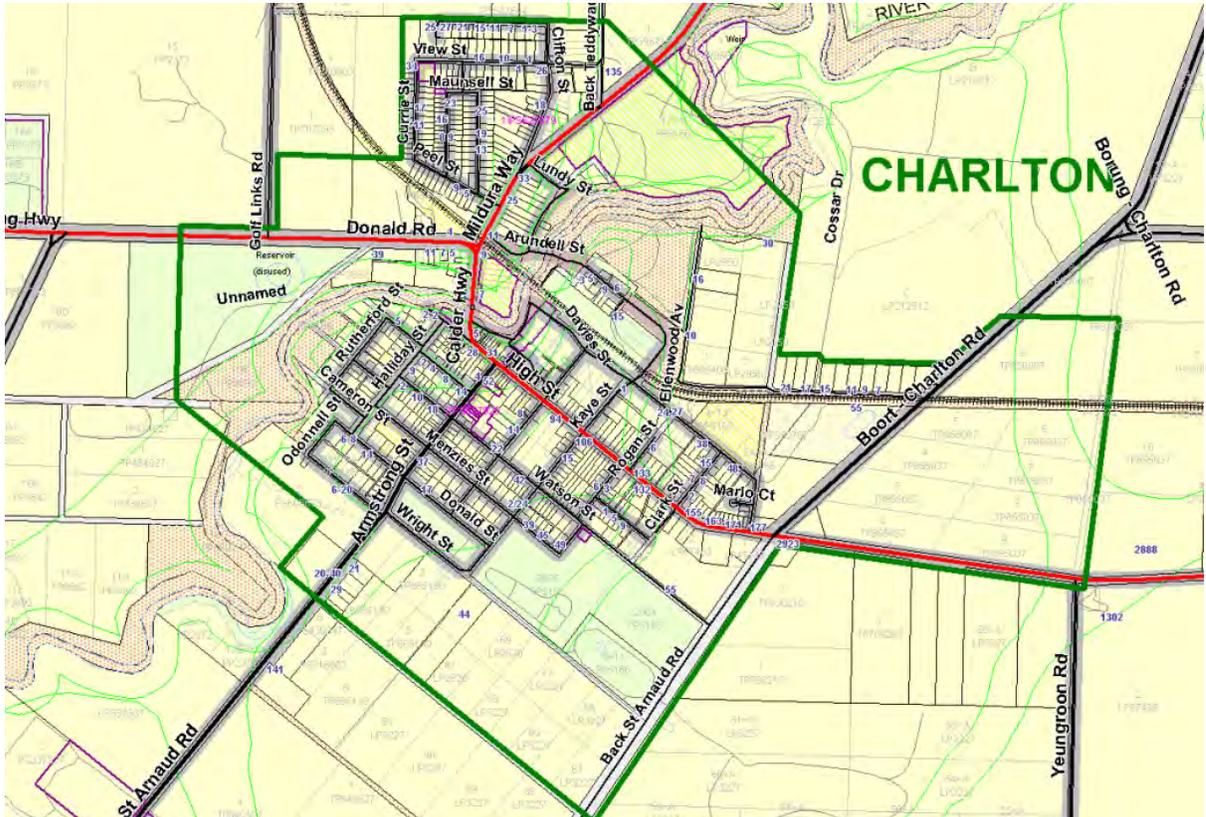
TOWNSHIP MAPS



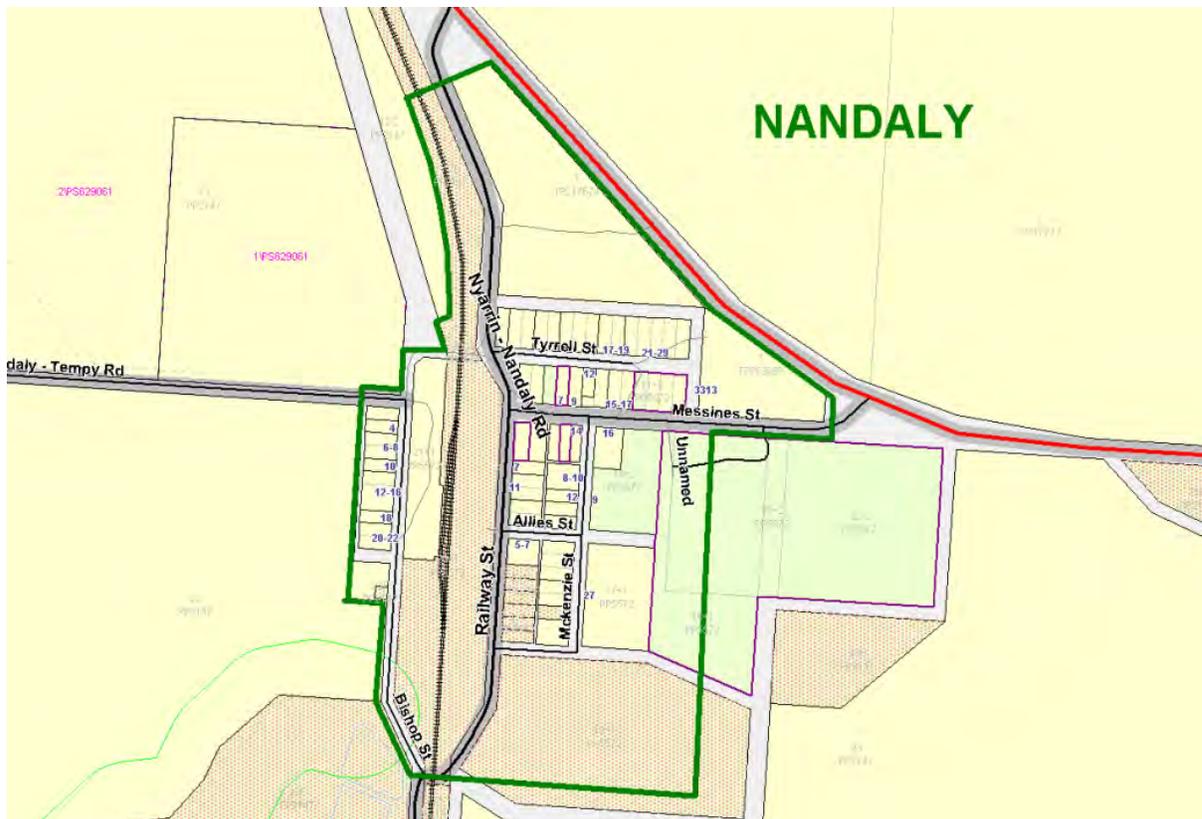
BIRCHIP TOWNSHIP



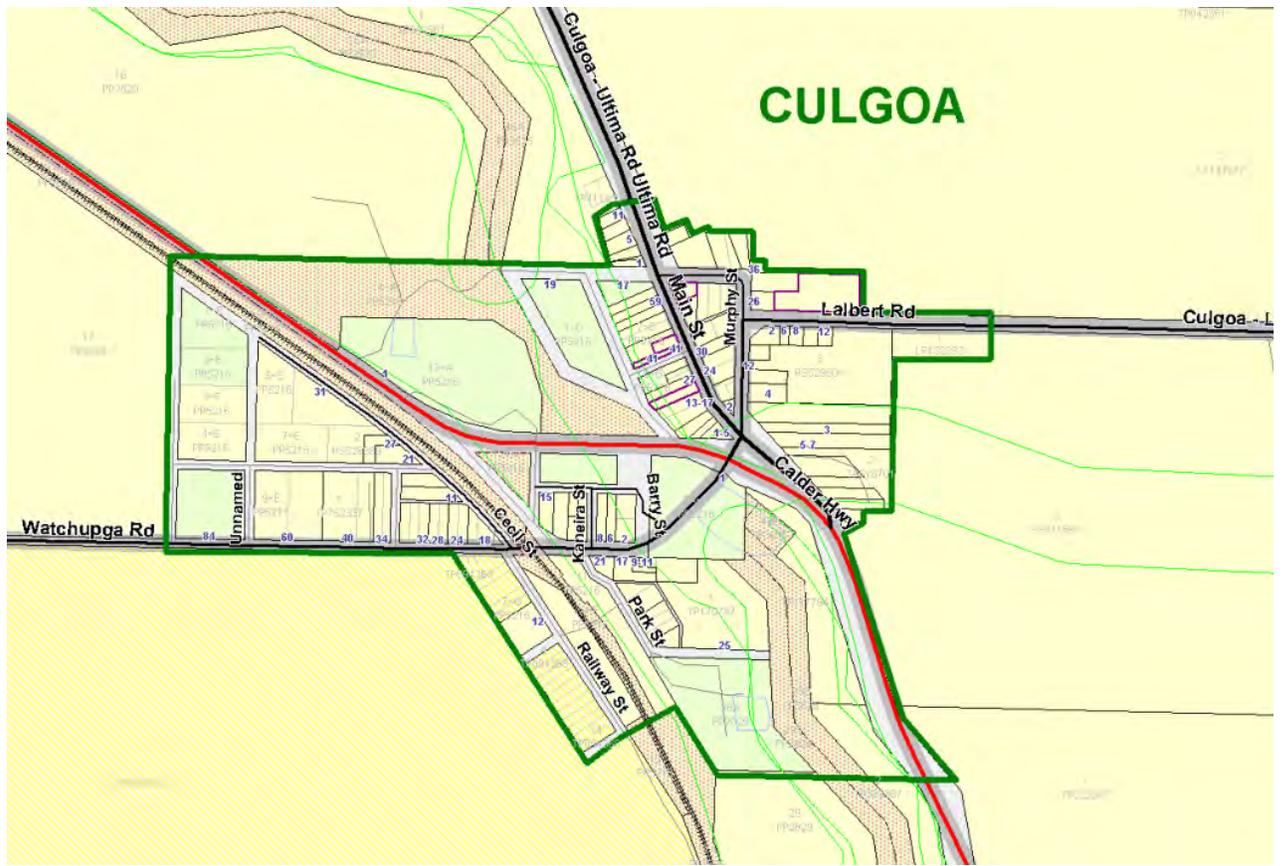
BERRIWILLOCK TOWNSHIP



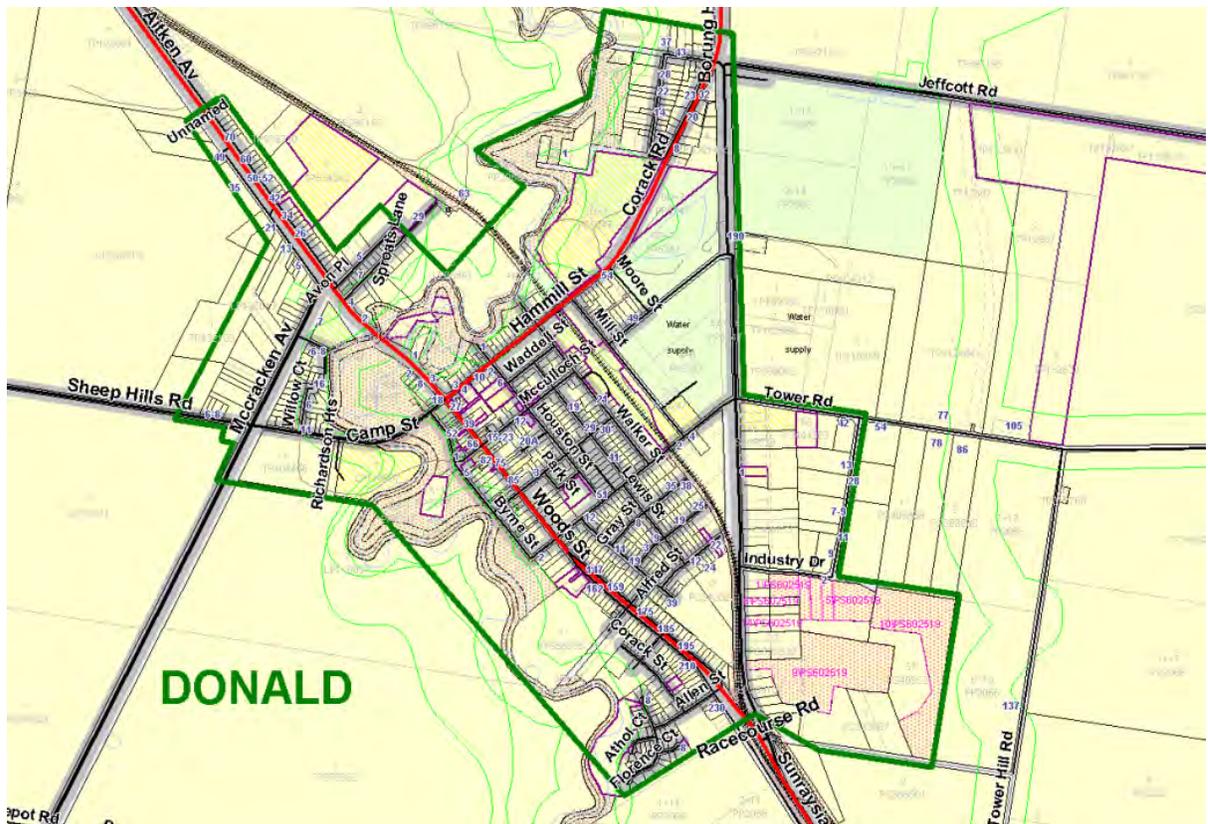
CHARLTON TOWNSHIP



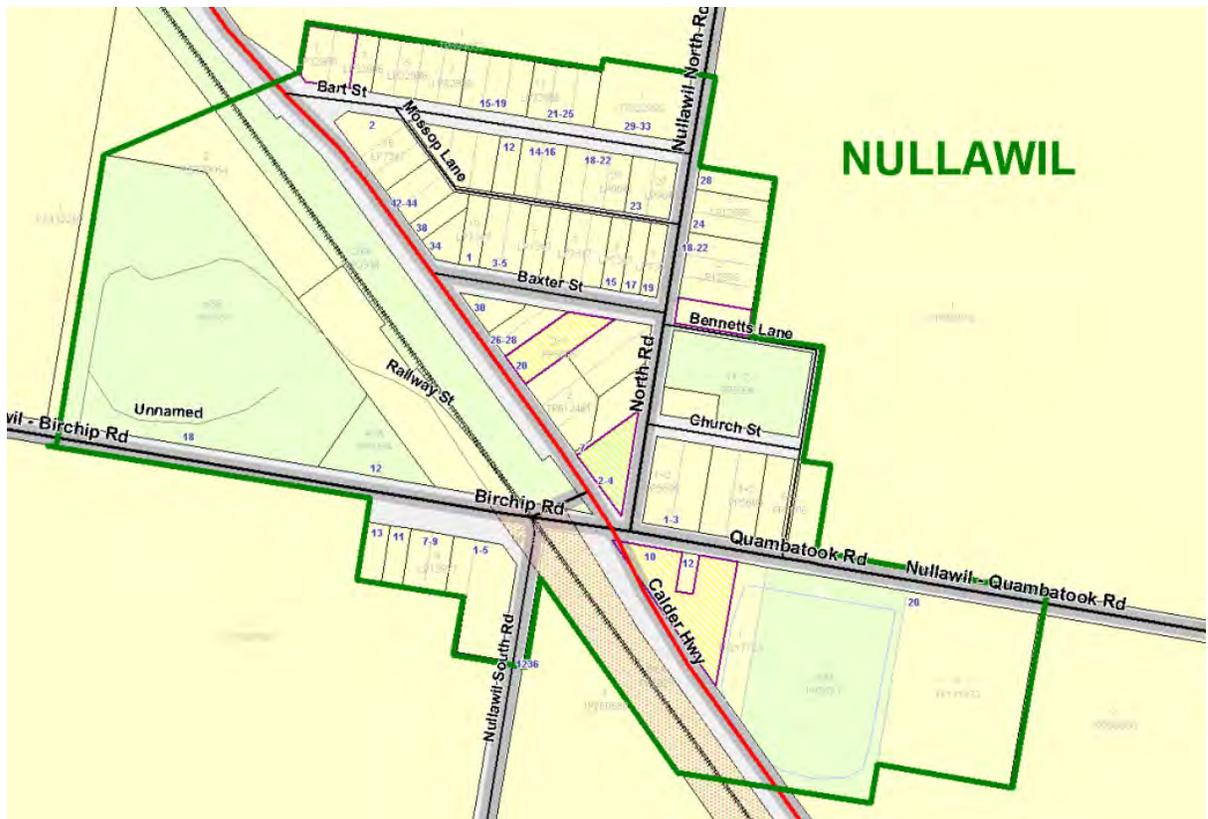
NANDALY TOWNSHIP



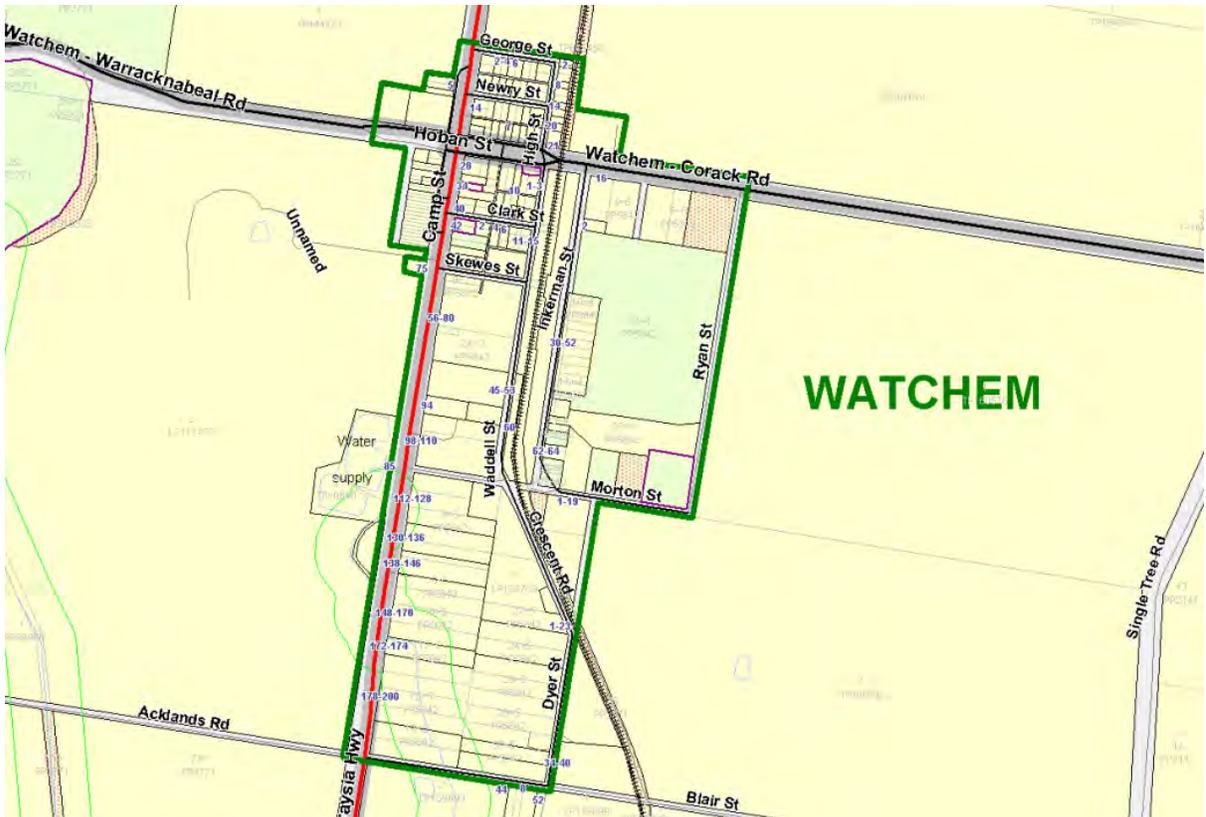
CULGOA TOWNSHIP



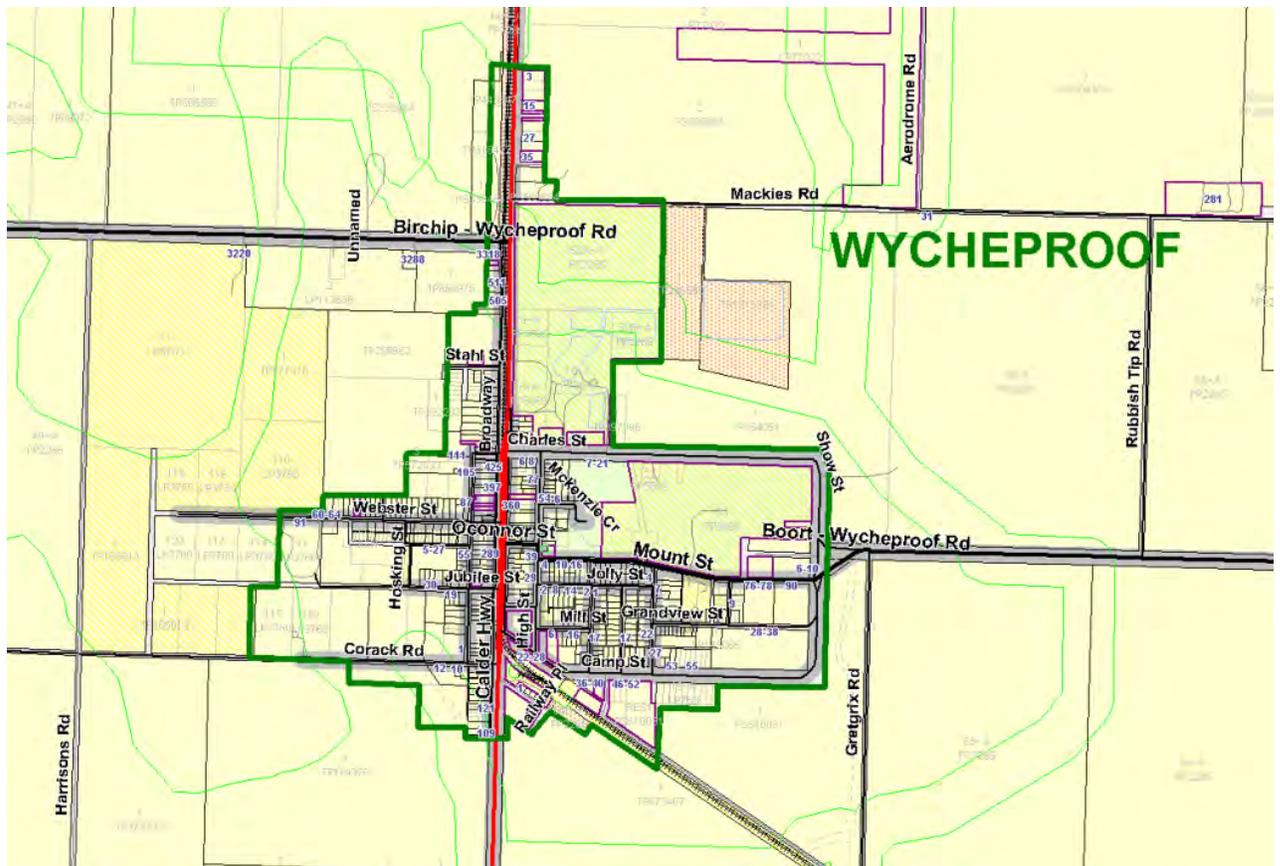
DONALD TOWNSHIP



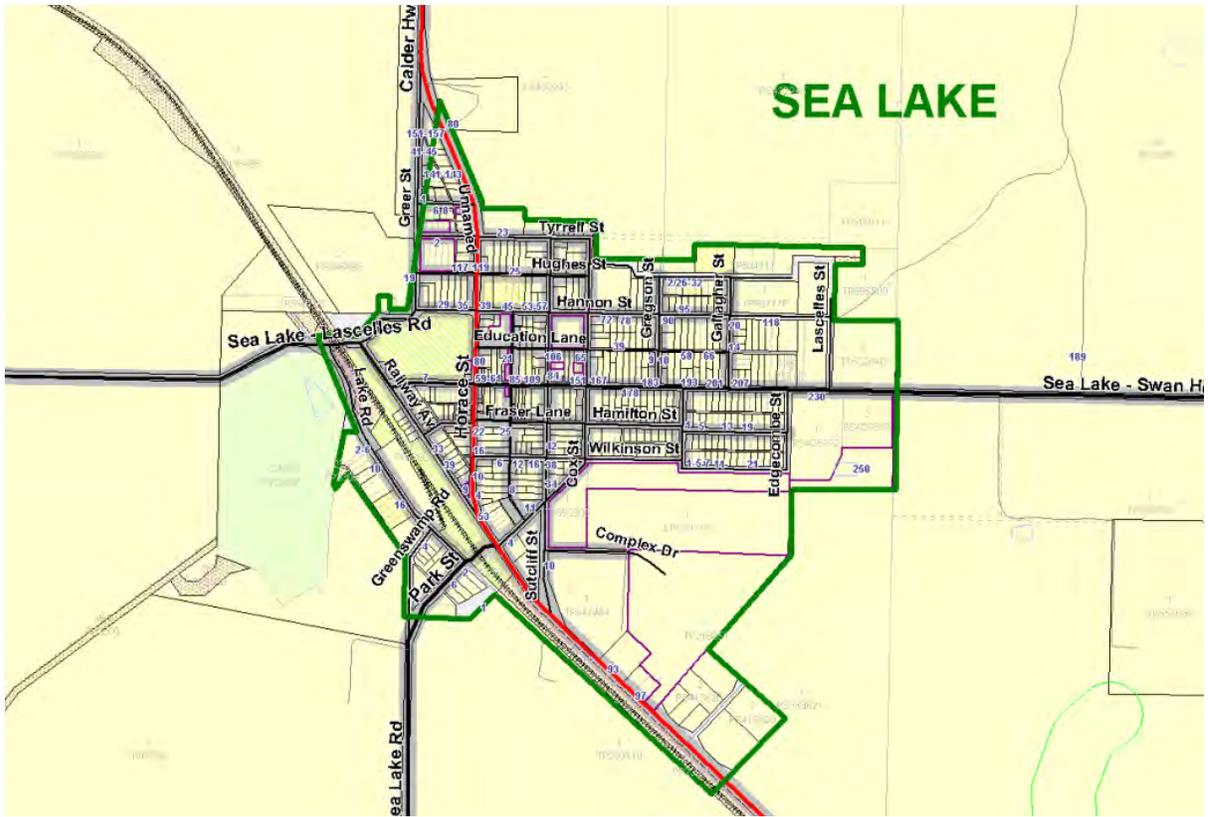
NULLAWIL TOWNSHIP



WATCHEM TOWNSHIP



WYCHEPROOF TOWNSHIP



SEA LAKE TOWNSHIP

**BULOKE SHIRE COUNCIL
COMMUNITY LOCAL LAW**

SCHEDULE 5
Clause 29(1) (b)

RECREATION RESERVES

TOWNSHIP OF BIRCHIP

1. Birchip Park (Soldier's Memorial Park)
2. Taylor Park
3. Lockwood Park

TOWNSHIP OF CHARLTON

1. Rotary Park
2. Gordon Park
3. Traveller's Rest

TOWNSHIP OF DONALD

1. Apex Park
2. Soldiers Memorial Park

TOWNSHIP OF SEA LAKE

1. Lions Park
2. Apex Park
3. Sea Lake Community Centre and Football Grounds
4. Sea Lake Recreation Reserve

TOWNSHIP OF WYCHPROOF

1. Centenary Park